

```
// Project: Cistern volume measurement using Arduino Uno R3, Arduino Ethernet Shield  
// and using a JSN SR04T V2.0 as an alternative to an ultrasonic sensors HR-SR04
```

```
// calling libraries
```

```
#include <stdint.h> // Limiting of value length  
#include <Ethernet.h> // calling Ethernetshield Arduino at "uno" board-type Arduino/Genuino
```

```
// Timing e.g., for test run
```

```
#define SENDEINTERVALL 120 //120 = cycle time all 120 sec to Thingspeak, in tests 20 sec
```

```
//Variables
```

```
const char* server = "api.thingspeak.com";
```

```
String apiKey = "XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX"; // write API: please insert from your own channel
```

```
uint8_t senden_erlaubt = 0;
```

```
uint8_t zaehler = SENDEINTERVALL;
```

```
uint8_t trigger = 7; // Arduino Pin please verify
```

```
uint8_t echo = 6; // Arduino Pin please verify
```

```
float abstand = 0.0;
```

```
float sendewert = 3000.0;
```

```
uint32_t sent = 0;
```

```
uint32_t failed = 0;
```

```
// Variables for volume calculation and average value
```

```
float Volumen = 0.0;
```

```
float Vol_m3;
```

```
float Vol_sum = 0; // Total value all measurements
```

```
float Vol_temp = 0; // for average calculation
```

```
int Szaehler = 1; // counter for cycle
```

```
float fuellhoehe = 0.0;
```

```
// **** ETHERNET settings ****
```

```
byte mac[] = { 0x90, 0xA2, 0xDA, 0x00, 0xFB, 0x80 }; //Example only
```

```
// enter above the address, which is labeled on the backside of the board
```

```
EthernetClient client;
```

```
// Creates a client which can connect to a specified internet IP address and port
```

```
// (defined in the client.connect\(\) function)
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{
```

```
  Serial.begin(9600); // Calling serial connection for monitoring in Arduino IDE
```

```
  Ethernet.begin(mac);
```

```
// Definition of pin mode use
```

```
  pinMode(trigger, OUTPUT); // Output for Triggerpulse
```

```

pinMode(echo, INPUT); // Input for Echo
digitalWrite(trigger,LOW);
Serial.println("Measurement of distance and calculation to m3:");
Serial.print("Cycle is running – please wait ...");
Serial.print(SENDEINTERVALL);
Serial.println(" Sekunden ");
}

// **** Programme execution ****

void loop()
{

delay(1000);
zaehler--;
if(zaehler <= 6) // 7 measurements
{
ultrasonic(); // Calling subroutine ultrasonic
Szaehler++; // Szaehler counting up for average calculation
}
if(zaehler <= 0)
{
sendtoThingSpeak(); // only 7th measurement will be transmitted
zaehler = SENDEINTERVALL; // calling subroutine SENDEINTERVALL
Szaehler = 1; // average calculation – reset of loop counter to 1
Vol_temp = 0; // temporary volume
}
}

```

```

void ultrasonic() // subroutine
{

```

```

// Variante with JSN sensor

```

```

digitalWrite(trigger, HIGH);
delayMicroseconds(20); // with this sensor type 20 microsec waiting. 10 at HC-SR04
digitalWrite(trigger, LOW);

```

```

/* Variant using the HC-SR04

```

```

digitalWrite(trigger, LOW); // switching of trigger signal
delay(5);
digitalWrite(trigger, HIGH); // switching on trigger signal
delay(10);
digitalWrite(trigger, LOW);
*/

```

```

float dauer = 0.0;
dauer = pulseIn(echo, HIGH); // Calculation of total travelling time

```

```

abstand = (dauer/2) * 0.03432; // calculation of distance

```

```

//multiplication with velocity of sound in cm/micorseconds to get cm.

```

```

// http://www.sengpielaudio.com/TemperaturSchall.htm at 15 C the value to be set to 340,51 m/s.
// At 20 Celsius = 343,42 m/s

```

```
abstand = abstand + 3; // The JSN sensor had an offset of 3cm
abstand = round(abstand); // Rounding since JSN sensor returns alternating values
```

```
// **** Distance to volume ****
```

```
// **** Need to measure the final distance from bottom to sensor in cm ****
```

```
fuellhoehe = 277 - abstand; // adapt your distance
```

```
Volumen = 125 * 125 * 3.14159 * fuellhoehe; // cistern diameter Mall 250 cm (r = 125 cm)
```

```
// average value calculation
```

```
Vol_m3 = Volumen / 1000000; // change from cm3 to m3
```

```
Serial.print(F("Loop value of volume, Result current loop in Vol_m3: "));
```

```
Serial.print(Vol_m3);
```

```
Serial.println(" m3");
```

```
//average
```

```
Serial.print(F("Vol_Temp before change: "));
```

```
Serial.print(Vol_temp);
```

```
Vol_sum = Vol_temp + Vol_m3;
```

```
Vol_temp = Vol_sum;
```

```
Serial.print(" Vol_Temp after change: ");
```

```
Serial.print(Vol_temp);
```

```
Serial.print(" Vol_sum total after change: ");
```

```
Serial.println(Vol_sum);
```

```
// **** checking if value of distance is in range ****
```

```
if (abstand >= 300 || abstand <= 0) // 3m max height measured in the cistern
```

```
{
```

```
Serial.println("Measurement outside range");
```

```
Serial.println(fuellhoehe);
```

```
Serial.println(Vol_m3);
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
senden_erlaubt = 1;
```

```
Serial.println(" ");
```

```
Serial.print(F("Szaehler = ")); // checking loop counter
```

```
Serial.println(Szaehler);
```

```
Vol_m3 = Vol_temp; // using last temporary value of loop
```

```
Vol_m3 = Vol_m3 / Szaehler;
```

```
//average value. This variable needs to be set in Thingspeak to achieve lines or gauge values
```

```
/*
```

```
Following rounding of decimals. Reason: the lines in charts will be smoother in Thingspeak
```

```
Vol_m3 = round(Vol_m3*10)/10.0; // rounding to one decimal. If two then using 100
```

```
// Float has two decimals, because only 4 Byte. --> xx.yy
```

```
*/
```

```
// **** this section here only for use in Arduino Monitor ****
```

```
Serial.print(fuellhoehe);
```

```
Serial.print(" cm filling level results in: ");
```

```

Serial.print(Vol_m3);
Serial.println(" m3 volume of water");
}
}

```

// Sending volume to Thingspeak using API

```

void sendtoThingSpeak()
{
  int ConnectionStatus = 0;

  if(senden_erlaubt == 1)
  {
    client.stop();
    do
    {
      ConnectionStatus = client.connect(server, 80);
      if (ConnectionStatus == 1)
      {
        Serial.println("LAN Client connected.");
        Serial.print(F("calculated Vol_m3 = "));
        Serial.println(Vol_m3);

/*
  Following contains rounding of decimals. Reason: the lines in charts will be smoother in Thingspeak
  Vol_m3 = round(Vol_m3*10)/10.0; // rounding to one decimal. If two then using 100
  // Float has two decimals, because only 4 Byte. --> xx.yy
*/

        sendewert = Vol_m3; // Volume to be send to Thingspeak
        Serial.print(F("average value one decimal of Vol_m3 = "));
        Serial.println(sendewert);

        String postStr = apiKey;
        postStr += "&field1=";
        postStr += String(sendewert);

        client.print("POST /update HTTP/1.1\n");
        client.print("Host: api.thingspeak.com\n");
        client.print("Connection: close\n");
        client.print("X-THINGSPEAKAPIKEY: " + apiKey + "\n");
        client.print("Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded\n");
        client.print("Content-Length: ");
        client.print(String(postStr.length()));
        client.print("\n\n");
        client.println(postStr);

        delay(1000);
        sent++;
        Serial.println(F(" "));
        Serial.print(F("Lopp cycle No. "));
        Serial.print(sent);

```

```

Serial.print(" ");
Serial.print(sendewert); // sendewert = Vol_m3;
Serial.println(" m3 – transmitted value (sendewert) to Thingspeak");
Serial.println(" ***** next measurement ***** ");
}
else
{
Serial.print("connection failed, Status = ");
Serial.print(ConnectionStatus);
Serial.print(" Trying: ");
Serial.println(failed);
delay(500);
failed++;
ConnectionStatus = client.connect(server, 80); // to avoid endless loop, e.g., after power drops
}
client.flush(); // waiting until all data are send
client.stop();
}
while(ConnectionStatus != 1 && failed < 10);
senden_erlaubt = 0;
failed = 0;
}
else
{
Serial.println("failure, no data transmission");
}
}
}

```

**//examples, sources:**

// <https://www.hackster.io/felixg/measurement-of-a-cistern-volume-with-an-ultrasonic-sensor-872456>

// <https://www.makerblog.at/2015/03/das-arduino-ethernet-shield-erste-installation-und-demo-sketch/>